Source: Eurostat, based on EU SILC & EU LFS

<https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/statistics-explained/index.php?title=EU_statistics_on_income_and_living_conditions_(EU-SILC)_methodology>

<https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/cache/metadata/en/edat1_esms.htm>

! Statistics for 2020 are provisional, there are some breaks in time-series !

**Definition at risk of poverty = unter 60% des nationalen Median-Einkommens nach Sozialtransferen (deutsch: In etwa Armutsgefährdungsschwelle?)**

* Recht willkürlich gesetzte Schwelle,um relative Armut zu messen

The **at-risk-of-poverty rate** is the share of people with an [equivalised disposable income](https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/statistics-explained/index.php?title=Glossary:Equivalised_disposable_income) (after social transfer) below the **at-risk-of-poverty threshold**, which is set at 60 % of the national [median](https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/statistics-explained/index.php?title=Glossary:Median) equivalised disposable income after [social transfers](https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/statistics-explained/index.php?title=Glossary:Social_transfers).

This indicator does not measure wealth or poverty, but low income in comparison to other residents in that country, which does not necessarily imply a low standard of living.

<https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/statistics-explained/index.php?title=Glossary:At-risk-of-poverty_rate>

Sex & Age : ilc\_pees01n (Intersection of Europe 2030 poverty indicators)

At risk of poverty vs. not at risk of poverty

Household Typ ilc\_lvps\_02 (EU-SILC) <https://appsso.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/nui/show.do?dataset=ilc_lvps02&lang=en>

Employment -> yes / no (activity status) -> ilc\_lvhl\_02 (EU-SILC)

* Occupation ilc\_lvhl\_03 (EU-SILC)

https://appsso.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/nui/submitViewTableAction.do

Educational level edat\_lfse\_03 (only total)

country of birth lfsa\_pgacws (only total)